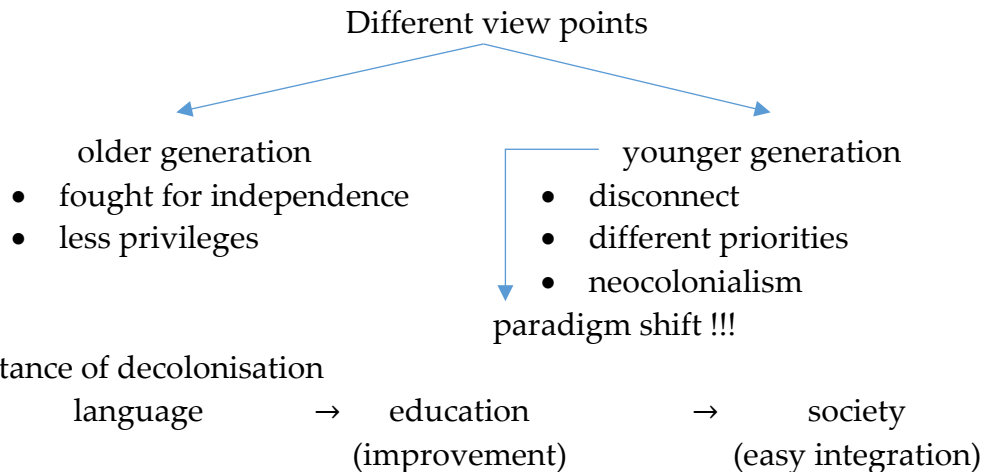


## English group discussion „personal values“

1. Is decolonization an important topic in the Kenyan society today? Is it an important topic for the young generation (compared to the generations before)? How do you see the importance of decolonization (in education, in the society, in personal relations)?

- decolonisation



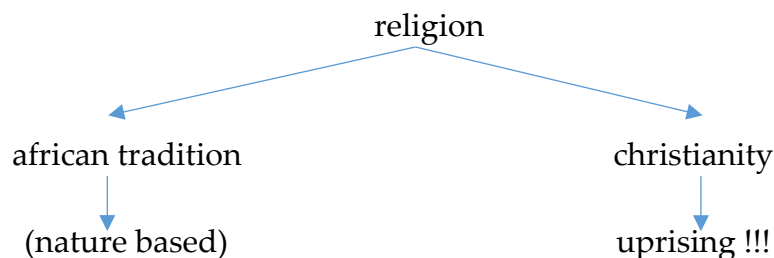
- importance of decolonisation

→ language → education (improvement) → society (easy integration)

2. Do you feel that there is a significant clash between “Western” values and “African” values? If yes, how strong is this difference? Where does it manifest itself?

clash between western vs. african values

a)



3. Name the values where you see the most significant difference and describe the effects that this difference has.

b) family values and concept ♀ ♂

nuclear family (man, wife, children) vs. LGBTQ

c) Education



4. Are democracy and the rule of human rights “Western” ideas or should it be upheld in Kenya/Africa as a universal value?

- African has values but there is room for improvement!

for example:

- Appreciate people’s life choices
- Gender roles
- Leadership
- Marriage concept (monogamy vs. polygamy)

## English group discussion „politics“

1. **What is the feeling in your group about the military coups in the Sahel (Niger, Mali and Burkina Faso) and the move away from the West African Community ECOWAS? Was it a good decision to move away from the alignment of France/Europe and turn towards the Brics States/Russia?**
  - common person of interest
  - lack of representation of citizenry needs
  - partnership of equals by Russia (narrative)
  - poor support by colonial masters in fighting rebels. Russia support in military equipment ie. nuclear weapon
  - excessive exploitation of resources and economy by the French West Africa.
2. **Should Kenya stay strongly aligned to Western powers like UK, USA, EU or shift the alliance towards the BRICS states? Which advantages and disadvantages would this bring?**
  - Kenya should remain neutral
  - The BRICS approach – former global south nation
  - Advantages:
    - New stage of diplomacy and development financing
    - Advancing Kenya interest globally
    - Better markets for agricultural produce
3. **Which advantages and disadvantages does the cooperation and alignment with China have for Kenya and for African states in general?**
  - disadvantages:
    - loss of traditional allies
    - collateral loan obligations / transparency
    - introduction of yuan in African market
  - advantages:
    - economic ties / investment
    - introduction of Mandarin into Africa
    - development cooperation
    - new allies – politically, socially and economically
4. **Which role do the conflicts in Ukraine and in Israel/Palestine play for this discussion and where should Kenya align itself concerning these conflicts?**
  - disruption of supply chains – agricultural commodities, fuel
  - Kenya supports humanity and its allies
  - disruption of tourism
  - security crisis

## deutsche Gruppendiskussion „Politik“

### 1. Halten Sie es für vorteilhaft für Kenia und die afrikanischen Staaten, ihre politischen und wirtschaftlichen Beziehungen weiterhin auf den „Westen“ zu konzentrieren?

Ja, aber ...

- |                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| + cooperation        | - dependency   |
| + trade              | - cultural assimilation                                |
| + educational system | - involvement in foreign interests<br>(get dragged in) |
|                      | - disappointment (development aid)                     |
|                      | - lack of investments                                  |

→ aim for win-win

### 2. Welche Vor- und Nachteile sehen Sie daran, diese Beziehungen stattdessen mit den Staaten des BRICS-Bündnisses auszubauen?

- |                           |                                      |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| + foreign investments     | - dictatorships                      |
| + political freedom (?)   | - modern colonialism                 |
| + access to other markets | - hampering relationship to the west |

### 3. Wie sollten sich Kenia und andere afrikanische Länder in den Konflikten um die Ukraine und in Israel/Palästina positionieren?

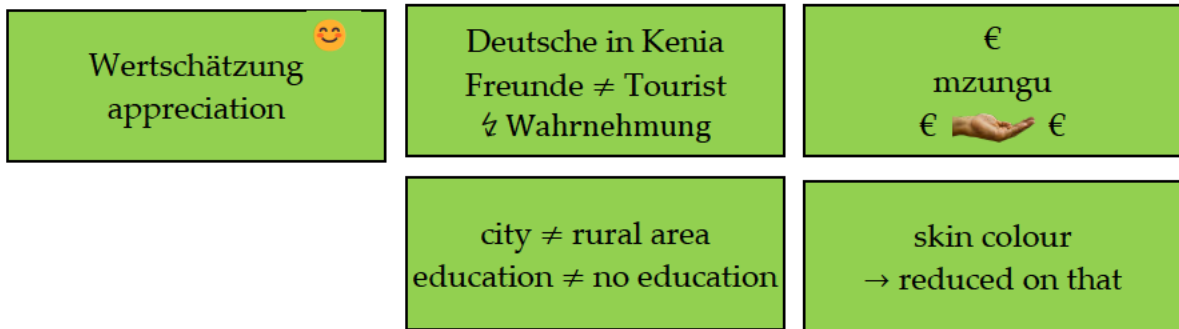
- avoid being pulled into conflicts
- stay predictable
- Keep own economic questions in mind
- moral position & values

### 4. Berühren diese Fragen ihre persönlichen Beziehungen mit Menschen in/aus Kenia?

- not directly
- general problem is permanent

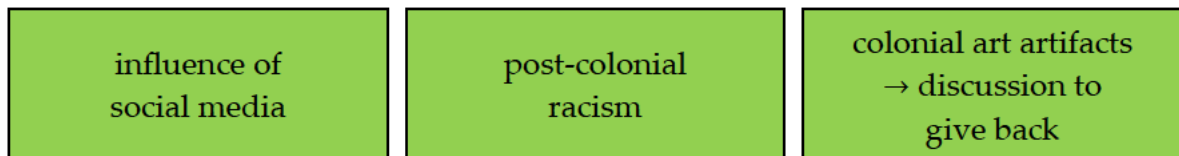
# deutsche Gruppendiskussion „persönliche Werte“

1. Wie erleben Sie die Stimmung in Kenia bzw. unter Kenianer/innen bezüglich des Verhältnisses zum „Westen“? Hat sich diese verändert?



2. Wie bewerten Sie die Diskussion um Entkolonisierung und Rassismus, die in den letzten Jahren an Fahrt aufgenommen hat?

absolutely necessary → anti racism + anti colonialism



- participation! Not Germans say „We do it like this in Kenya“
- skilled labour: braindrain
- product chain observation law failed
- missing contacts → +prejudices
- ambivalent ethics
- politics in Germany: protest

3. Wo erleben sie einen deutlichen Unterschied bzw. einen Clash zwischen „Westlichen“ und „Afrikanischen“ Werten? Welche Werte sollten nicht kulturell begründet werden, sondern universell gelten? Welche liegen in einem „Grenzbereich“?

4. Sind Demokratie und das Konzept der Menschenrechte „Westliche“ Werte oder sollten sie in Kenia/Afrika ebenso gelten, weil sie universell sind?

